VALIDATION OF EXTRACTABLES AND LEACHABLES METHOD FOR A SULFUR-CURED ELASTOMER

Dr. John Hand, Sr. Staff Scientist, David Olenski, Scientist,

Analytical Research, Ciba Expert Services, Ciba Specialty Chemicals

Abstract

A protocol for the validation of the quantitation of extractable from a sulfur cured elastomer test article was executed. The test article was extracted using soxplet extraction, and the material extracted was guantitated by GC/FID using external standards. The validation of the method carried out according to ICH guidelines with the following criteria evaluated:

Introduction

The objective of this study was to validate a method for the quantitation of materials extracted from a sulfur cured elastomer. Prior to this validation, a method was developed to extract the elastomer and identify the materials which were extracted. The test article was soxhlet extracted in methylene chloride followed by GC/MS to identify extracted material. The conditions for maximum extraction were established by conducting a time course study. The soxhlet extraction was conducted for increasing lengths of time until the amount of extractables reached asymptotic levels. The materials found to extract were: 2,2'-methylene-bis(6-tert-butyl-4-ethyl phenol, n-Docosane, n- tricosane, n-tetracosane, n-pentacosane, n-hexacosane, n-octacosane. Standards of the extracted material were obtained and the extractables were quantified. A validation protocol for the method was developed based upon ICH guidelines. Parameters examined are listed below.

Methodology

Experimental:

- · All extractions were carried out using methylene chloride spiked with an internal standard (2-fluorobiphenyl). The concentration of the standard was ~ 100 µg/ml.
- · All standard and sample materials were dissolved and diluted as needed in methylene chloride spiked with the internal standard
- · For all soxhlet extractions the cellulose thimbles were pre-extracted with methylene chloride for ~ 2 hours
- The elastomer sample was cut into small squares of approximately 5mm pieces. Approximately 7 grams of sample was then placed in a thimble and extracted with 200 ml methylene chloride for 16 hours
- After the 16 hours of extraction, the methylene chloride was collected and diluted 1:10 with the extraction solvent described above
- · The diluted material was analyzed by GC

Instrumental Parameters (GC):

- GC Column: 0.32 mm X 30 m DB-1 1.0 micron film thickness.
- Injector temperature: 280 C
- · Injection mode: Splitless
- Injection volume: 1 µl
- Purge Valve: On at 1.00 min: off initially
- Temperature program: 40°C for 1 min then linear ramp to 300°C at 10°C/min. Hold for 10 min
- Carrier Gas: Helium. Flow rate, 2.7 mL/min constant flow.
- Detector: FID. Air. 400 mL/min H₂. 30 mL/min.

Validation Parameters and **Acceptance Criteria**

System Suitability Instrument Precision

- Chromatographic Resolution and Tailing Factor
- Linearity and Range
- Precision
- Repeatability
- Intermediate Precision
- Specificity
- Accuracy
- Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)
- Standard and Sample Stability
- Robustness/Ruggedness

System Suitability

Instrument Precision

A test solution of target extractables with internal standard was prepared. Six (6) replicate injections of the test solution were analyzed. Peak area and area ratio measurements of target extractables verses the internal standard were determined. The results for 2.2'MBTBE and n-Pentacosane are shown below.

Acceptance Criteria: %RSD for each target extractable ≤ 10%

Trial	Area 2,2'MBTBE	Area ratio	RRF	Area n-Pentacosane	Area ratio	RRF
1	98.03	0.84	1.01	48.14	0.41	0.43
2	96.06	0.85	1.03	46.50	0.41	0.43
3	94.73	0.83	1.00	45.03	0.40	0.42
4	91.89	0.84	1.01	45.87	0.42	0.44
5	98.12	0.86	1.03	48.78	0.43	0.45
6	97.06	0.85	1.03	47.76	0.42	0.44
Mean	96.0	0.85	1.02	47.0	0.41	0.43
% RSD	2.48	1.25	1.25	3.08	2.54	2.54

Chromatographic Resolution and Tailing Factor (USP)

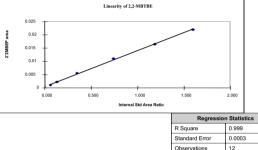
Utilizing the analyses accomplished for Instrument Precision, chromatographic resolution and Tailing Factor (USP) between appropriate peak pairs were be determined.

Acceptance Criteria: to be determined.

Trial	Resolution 2,2'MBTBE	Tailing* 2,2'MBTBE	Resolution n-Pentacosane	Tailing* n-Pentacosane	
1B	8.411		2.132		
2B	8.336		2.136		
3B	8.441		2.135		
4B	8.375		2.097		
5B	8.324		2.133		
6B	8.446		2.113		
Mean	8.39		2.12		
%RSD	0.62		0.75		
* Tailing factor was calculated to be 0.9.					

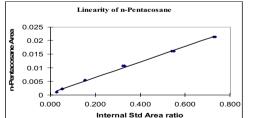


Determined by analyzing selected target extractables at 6 different concentration levels (in duplicate). Acceptance Criteria: to be determined



Linearity and Range of n-Pentacosane

Determined by analyzing selected target extractables at 6 different concentration levels (in duplicate).



Regression Statistics				
R Square	0.998			
Standard Error	0.0004			
Observations	12			
Y Intercept	0.0007			
Slope	0.0286			

0.0006

0.0135

Precision

Repeatability

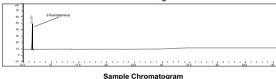
Six separate extractions were performed and all analytes were quantitated Acceptance criteria: %RSD for each target extractable = 10%

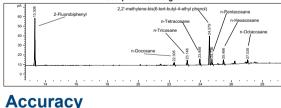
n-Doco (mg/g)	2,2'- MBTBE (mg/g)	n-Trico (mg/g)	n-Tetra (mg/g)	n-Penta (mg/g)	n-Hexa (mg/g)	n-Octa (mg/g)
35	501	60	72	56	45	11
35	503	57	72	53	43	11
37	543	58	71	52	40	9
32	492	52	64	47	36	8
29	464	45	53	37	38	12
30	464	46	55	39	34	13
33	494	53	64	47	39	11
4.49	2.98	6.15	6.72	8.21	5.38	7.46
	(mg/g) 35 35 37 32 29 30 33	(mg/g) MsTBE (mg/g) 35 501 35 503 37 543 32 492 29 464 30 464 33 494	MBTBE (mg/g) (mg/g) 35 501 60 35 503 57 37 543 58 32 492 52 29 464 45 30 464 53	MBTBE (mg/g) (mg/g) (mg/g) 35 501 60 72 35 503 57 72 37 543 558 71 32 492 52 64 29 464 45 53 30 464 46 55	MBTBE (mg/g) (mg/g) (mg/g) (mg/g) 35 501 60 72 561 35 503 57 72 533 37 543 58 71 52 32 492 52 64 47 29 464 45 53 33 30 464 53 64 47	MB*BE (mg/g) (mg/g) (mg/g) (mg/g) (mg/g) (mg/g) 36 501 60 72 56 45 35 503 57 72 53 43 37 543 58 71 52 40 32 492 52 64 47 36 29 464 45 53 37 38 30 464 55 39 34 33 494 53 64 47 36

Specificity

Below appear the standard, and sample chromatograms with all the GC/MS assignments for target extractable peaks.

Acceptance Criteria: Confirm peak identifications and no significant co-eluting peaks. Blank Chromatogram





Standard additions of approximately one, two, and three times the target analyte concentration in test solution were dosed, in triplicate, into 50 ml of the Soxhlet extract test solution. Weights expressed below represent total amount of material spiked into 50 ml in triplicate

Acceptance Criteria: Mean recovery for each target extractable at each spiking level should be between 80% and 120% of known spiking level.

Recovery Data for n-Pentacosan

Trial ID	mgs spiked	mgs recovered	% Recovery	
Low Spike	352	396.3333	112.6	
Mid Spike	704	687	97.6	
High Spike	1056.0	992.3	94.0	

Acceptance Criteria: to be determined.

Y Intercept

Accuracy (cont'd)

Recovery Data for 2.2'-methylene-bis(6-tert-butyl-4-ethyl phenol)

Trial ID	mgs spiked	mgs recovered	% Recovery
Low Spike	554.0	525.7	94.9
Mid Spike	1108.0	1083.0	97.7
High Spike	1662.0	1591.7	95.8

Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)

The target analytes n-Pentacosane and 2.2'-methylene-bis(6-tert-butyl-4-ethyl phenol) were analyzed at very low levels in test solution to determine at which point the signal to noise ratio approaches 10. The data below represents 0.5 µg/ml of both analytes in test solution.

Trial ID	S/N n-Pentacosane	S/N 2,2'-methylene-bis(6- <i>tert</i> -butyl- 4-ethyl phenol)
1	8.8	13.6
2	8.0	13.7
3	8.2	13.3
4	8.6	13.8
5	9.9	16.2
6	9.3	11.3
AVG S/N	8.8	13.7

Acceptance Criteria: Report results based on extrapolated LOQ's

Standard and Sample Stability

Mixed standards of target extractables were ran daily for five days and the area ratios calculated The data for standards appears below.

Acceptance Criteria: Area ratios for target extractables on each subsequent day should be ±10% of those determined on day 1

Day number	Internal Std Area Ratio n- Pentacosane	Internal Std Area Ratio 2,2'- MBTBE		
1	0.43	0.86		
2	0.42	0.84		
3	0.46	0.84		
4	0.46	0.84		
5	0.49	0.85		

