







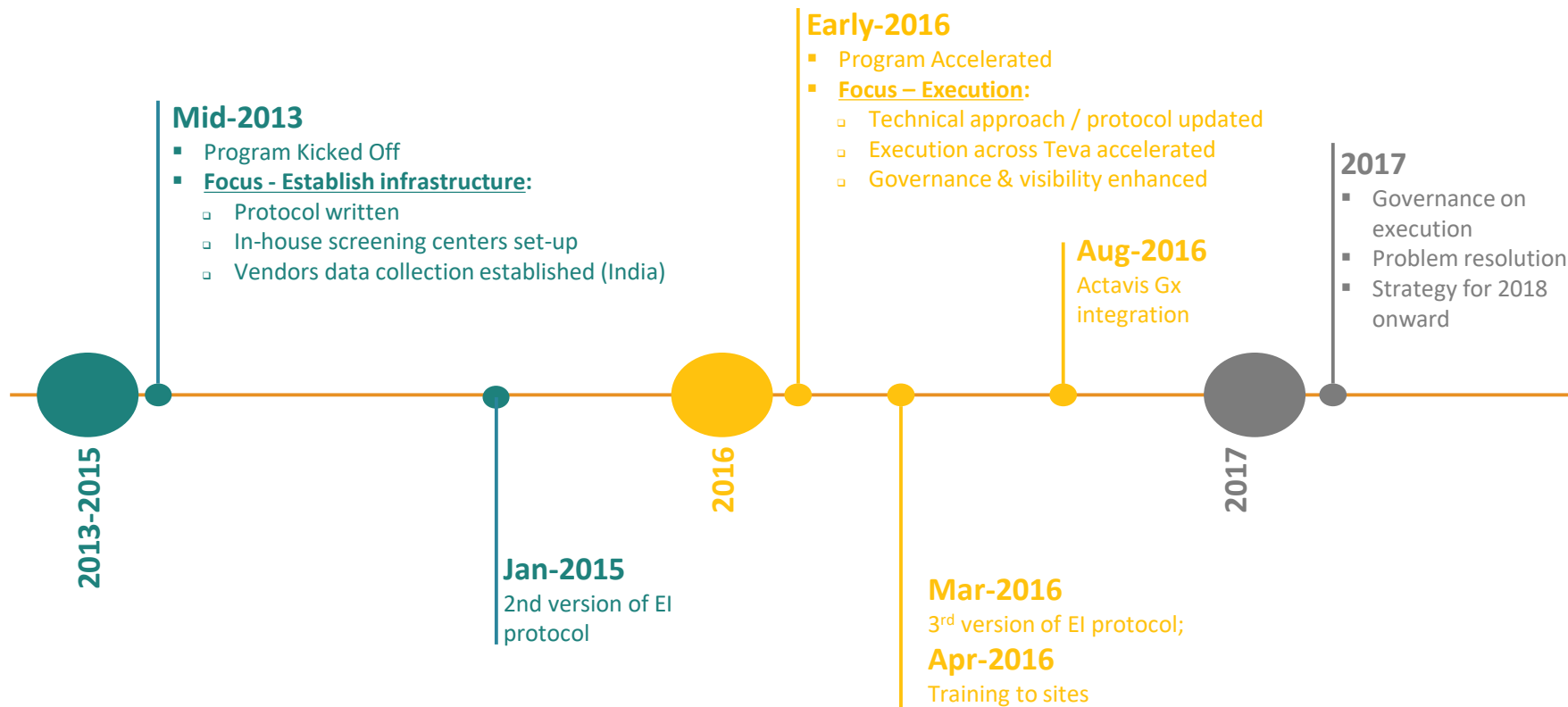
Elemental Impurities Program in Teva – Challenges and Expectations

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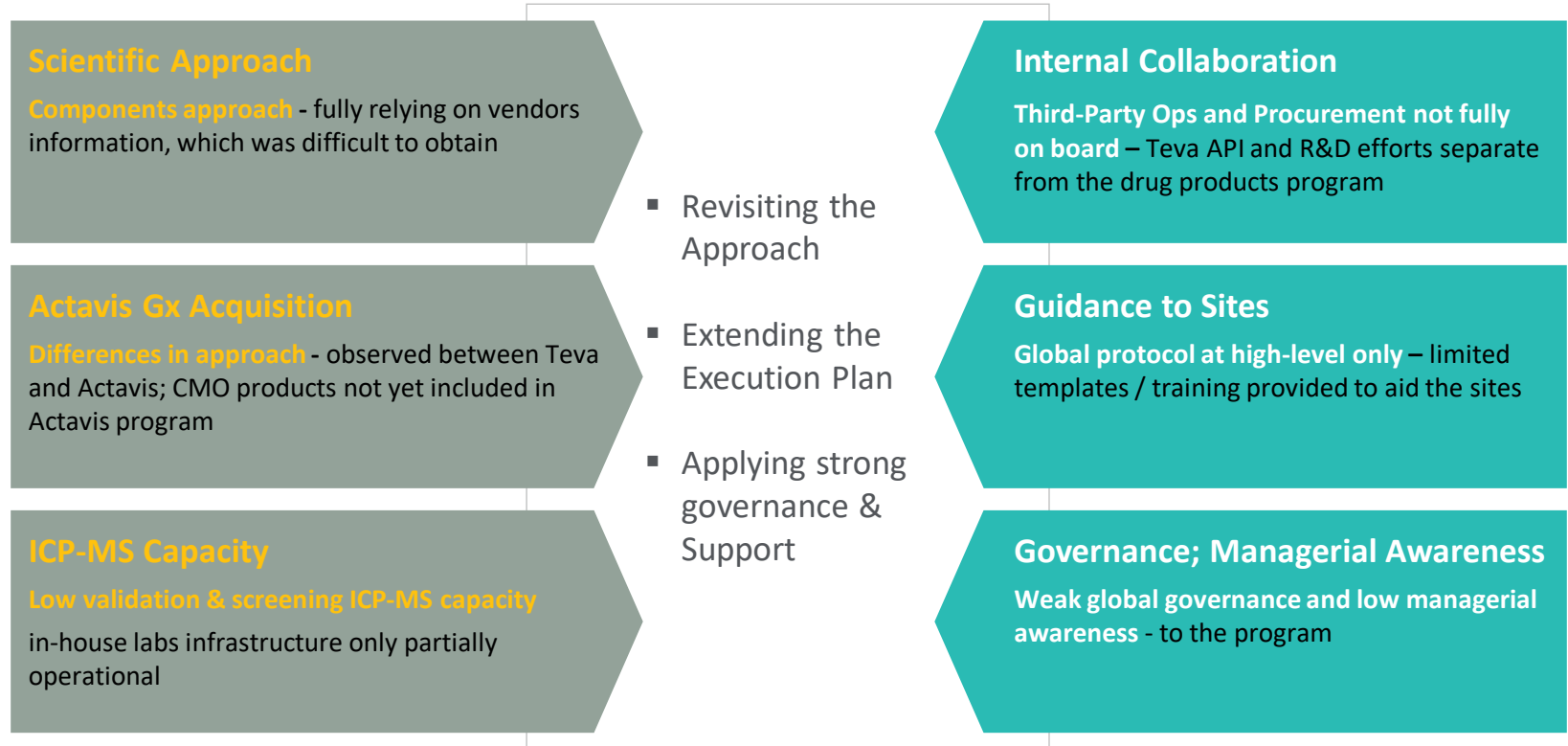
The numbers imply the magnitude and complexity of the program for Teva, No.1 Gx company in the world

 > 40 Impacted Pharma Mfg. Plants	 > 2500 Risk Assessments	> 900 Impacted CMOs and BD Partners
> 1500 Materials Vendors	> 90 US NDA/ANDA Submissions Since June 2016	 > 2000 Drug Products Screening
 11 ICP-MS Labs	> 450 Impacted APIs produced by Teva API division	> 40 EU Submissions (new files) Since June 2016

Program infrastructure was set-up starting in 2013, execution accelerated during 2016-2017



Challenges observed in early 2016 required “recalculation of route”



Revisiting the approach – Seeking for a practical approach, without compromising on compliance



Change	Benefits
<p>Follow the “Drug Product Approach” rather than “Component Approach”;</p> <p>Collect components information for supporting & solidifying the Risk Assessment</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ More proactive and controllable approach✓ Assuming that all or most of our vendors will provide full data , on-time, on elemental impurities in their products - not realistic → May need to anyway screen the DP or components✓ Amount of items to collect data on is not higher with the “drug product” approach - since in the “component approach” each unique combination of material/manufacturer/grade (catalog no.) requires separate data
<p>3rd party products fully included in scope – CMOs expected to provide a risk assessment, BD partners (IP owners) a declaration of conformity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Comprehensive approach
<p>Full alignment of the scientific approach between legacy Actavis and Teva - no. of elements to screen, treating multiple strengths, etc.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Harmonized approach✓ Compliant approach

Extending the execution plan – Enabling on-time completion



Change

Benefits

Screening capacity expanded, to fit the required total number of screenings:

1. Utilize the already existing screening centers (Teva & Actavis)
2. Enhance capacity within the existing centers thru process efficiency
3. Source the missing capacity from external labs
4. Dynamic allocation of sites to labs, done globally

- ✓ **On time completion enabled** - by dynamically matching of capacity and demand
- ✓ **Quick availability of large capacity**
- ✓ **More flexible set-up** - Better fit with the life-cycle needs

Detailed training was provided to sites;

Additional Q&A support session continue, and knowledge sharing between sites

- ✓ **Sites enabled to execute effectively and efficiently**
- ✓ **Enhanced compliance**

Templates for Risk Assessments shared

Global team collecting data from vendors - mechanism was improved: vendors prioritization , SharePoint to sites etc.

- ✓ **Greater effectiveness of the components data collection**

Applying strong governance and support



Change

Benefits

Strong governance model applied:

1. Program defined one of a few “must have” programs in Quality
2. Steering Committee, led by Teva’s Head of Quality , meeting every month
3. Dedicated Project Manager
4. Focal Points at each site
5. Frequent work meetings at various forums
6. Monthly report

- ✓ **Management’s active involvement**
- ✓ **Visibility**
- ✓ **Effective execution**

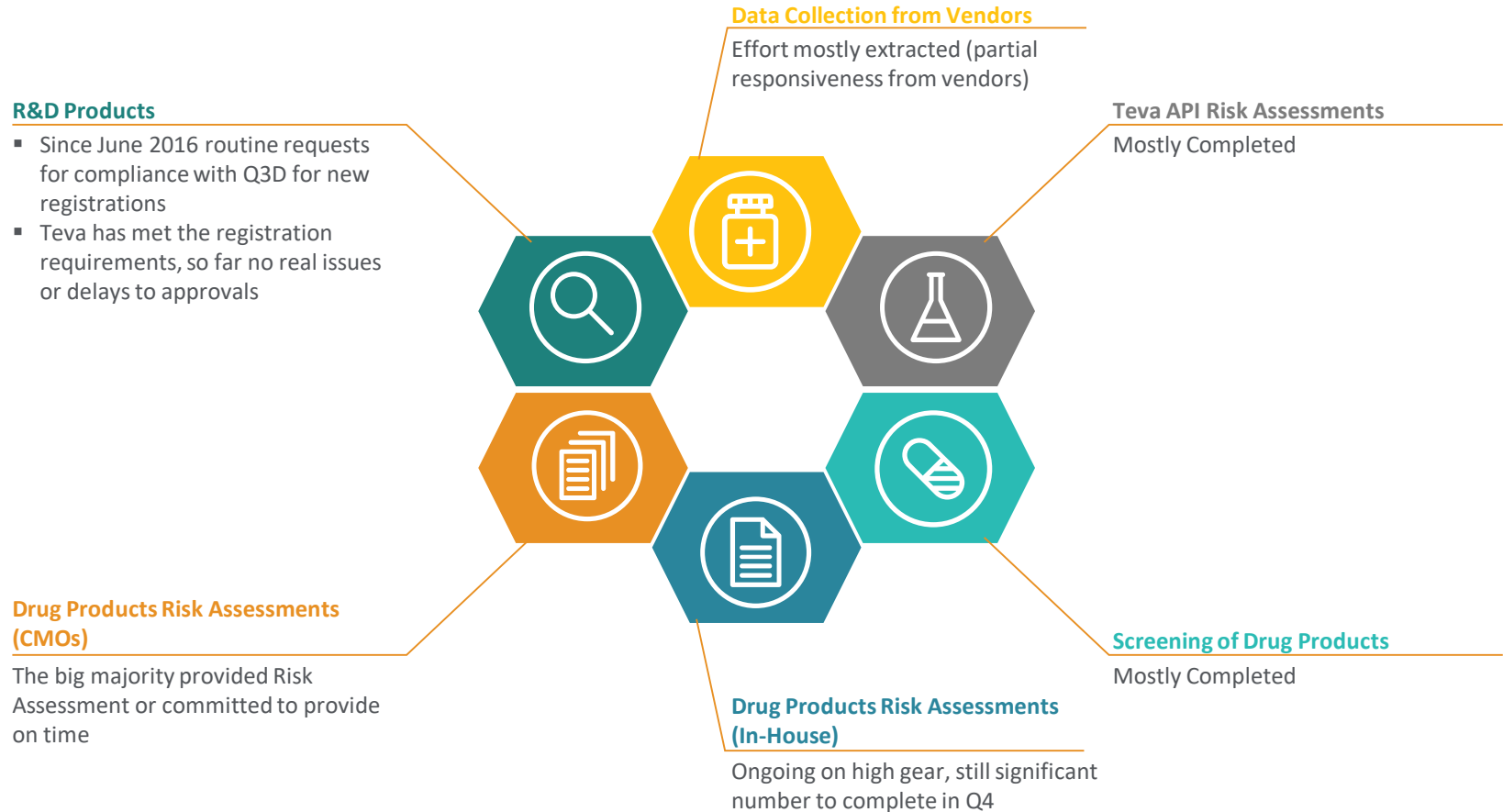
Joint multi-disciplinary effort – collaboration of Global Quality with Sites, 3rd Party Ops, Teva API, Procurement, RA, R&D

- ✓ **Effective execution**
- ✓ **Good utilization of resources & expertise, Knowledge Sharing**

Risk Management – close monitoring, prioritization of products, analysis of market impact scenarios etc.

- ✓ **Contained Risks**

The readiness of Teva to January 1st 2018 is just around the corner



Plans and expectations towards 2018

Science

Our Situation / Plans

- Our statistics so far (N>1000):
 - Only 1.4% of the products above threshold (30% of PDE)
 - None above limit (100% of PDE)
- Teva's protocol provides guidance for revisiting the Risk Assessment

Operations

- Sites will assume full responsibility for compliance, while global project is dismantled
- ICP-MS labs set-up is planned to be adjusted to a significantly lower demand

Compliance

- Potential scenarios of non-compliance were analyzed (e.g. Risk Assessment not completed, CAPA not completed) – Guidance being provided to sites and markets QP
- Large effort to complete readiness on-time; Risk Assessment to be documented in sites systems

Expectations

- Q3D Assessment will replace the traditional Heavy Metal testing
- For new regulations - authorities to provide as much as possible on-time and clear guidance, aligned between territories
- Overall effort around Q3D in the “maintenance phase” is expected to be significantly lower, mostly derived from product/process changes
- Labwork will not have to be repeat in all cases, certainly not full validation
- Q3D to be controlled through the regular internal systems, and as such would be an inspection point
- Authorities to seek balance between Q3D compliance and market needs

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Thank You!